





## The Louisianian.

P. B. S. Pinchback,  
EDITOR & PROPRIETOR.

SATURDAY, NOV. 30, 1878.

All letters on business and communications should be addressed to "The Louisianian," 644 CAMP STREET.

No notice taken of anonymous communications. In all cases we require the writer's name and address, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith. Rejected communications cannot be returned, neither can we undertake to preserve manuscripts.

The proprietor of this paper will not be responsible for the sentiments of communications.

The Louisianian can be had at the following well known news dealers: Haley—corner of Canal and Commercial Alley.

Elli—opposite Postoffice. Stahl—corner Canal and Exchange Alley.

## AGENTS.

HON. H. MAHONEY, Plaquemines  
FRANK W. LAGROSSE, St. Mary.  
GEO. WASHINGTON, Assumption.  
D. C. HILL, Ouachita.  
J. S. HESTON, Indiana.  
WM. H. WARD, Kentucky.  
CHARLES T. GRAHAM, Ohio.

The Louisianian, independent and fearless, will be kept abreast with the requirement of the times and the colored people of Louisiana and the South would do well to make it the exponent of their views and wishes. "Republican at all times and under all circumstances," nevertheless our columns shall be open to the sharpest criticism of public men and measures. We intend in the future to attack all manner of abuses, whether in the social circle, church, or State. We ask no favors and propose to show no quarters to evil doers.

Customhouse officials are reported as being in a great state of perturbation.

The number of idle statement "laying around loose" in the city is unlimited.

The long-eared animal on the New Orleans Democrat seems to have a special liking for the word "saffron."

Read this issue carefully. If you like it, send us the price of subscription, if you have not done so, otherwise it will be the last you will receive from this office.

The eyes of the country are upon Gov. Nicholls. It is to be hoped he will not attempt to white-wash the great crimes committed in certain portions of North Louisiana.

We are glad to announce to our friends that many of our able correspondents and contributors assure us of continued favors. Each issue of the Louisianian will continue to be the best.

"It do move." The appointment of Frank Cassels, Esq., a colored man, Assistant Attorney General at Memphis, the other day, and its approval by public opinion, is *prima facie* evidence.

It was our pleasure, last Sunday, to listen to a very interesting, eloquent and instructive sermon at Central Church. The congregation was small, but appreciative, and doubtless enjoyed the treat.

The miserable failure of the Dumont committee in the late canvass and election has no doubt convinced them, as it has the people, that they can't run the Republican, nor any other party in Louisiana. A meeting of the regular State Central Committee will soon be held.

It is no use for Southern newspapers and politicians to cry out so lustily over the resurrection of the bloody shirt while they sympathize with and act as apologists for murderers of colored men. The bloody shirt will not down until negro killing in the South ceases to be a common amusement.

There are one or two sycofantic colored rascals in this community who seem determined to provoke us beyond endurance. We trust our patience may not be exhausted with them; but if it should be, we will endeavor to teach the vagabonds a lesson they will not be likely to soon forget. If we are forced to "pool our issues" it will be upon them.

Our Washington correspondent sends us a caustic letter this week which will be found in another column. He is quite severe on the Administration and questions the sincerity of its promised prosecution and punishment of Southern white-liners and ku-klux in the late canvass and elections. A large number of people feel pretty much as he does on that point.

## OUR SUSPENSION.

It has been over three months since the Louisianian last greeted its readers. A comparatively short time, but full of memorable events. Thousands of human beings have passed to their final account.

The yellow fever, more virulent and destructive than ever known before, has been here and laid its heavy hand upon every household. In its deadly march, it took in our sanctum and struck down our efficient and deservedly popular manager, attacked our worthy foreman, gave him a frightful tussle for his life, and then assailed our mailing clerk, who after a stubborn resistance, managed to overcome it. The editor and proprietor banished, the manager dead, the foreman sick night unto death, and the mailing clerk prostrate, a temporary suspension was unavoidable.

We are glad to note that our friends, patrons and exchanges seemed to understand our situation. With one or two exceptions—and they are pious in consequential concerns—our exchanges have come regularly to the office, and we find in our mail letters of substantial sympathy and encouragement; but for these facts, which are the best evidences that can be given of the character and importance of the Louisianian and the place it holds in the affection of the people, we would not have resumed publication. For nearly eight years—much over the average life of a colored journal—we have been publishing the Louisianian.

It has entailed upon us considerable personal loss, but we made the sacrifice cheerfully, because we cherished the hope of liberating our people from the terrible shackles of political task-masters and the dangerous influence of political demagogues, which we foresaw would lead them to their ruin. That we failed to avert the great calamity now upon us—the complete political subjugation of the race—is no fault of ours. Like a sign post at the forks of the road, the Louisianian has continually pointed out the road of safety to our people; has warned them of the peril of following blindly the selfish, envious and malicious incompetents—stipendiaries of official superiors—whose only aim seems to have been to mislead the people and keep themselves in lucrative offices; but our warning was unheeded and the result is upon us.

In their dire distress and almost utter helplessness, the people are again turning their eyes toward us and asking "What shall we do to be saved?" They are beginning to discern the difference between smiling, hypocritical demagogues and fearless, independent advocates of their rights.

The time having passed when the colored voters can be herded together and voted like sheep, the army of evil advisers who swarmed down upon us like the locusts upon Egypt, have disappeared as mysteriously as they came. With the exception of a few, who still descend to hold the offices, and whose days it is rum red are numbered, we are rid of their hurtful presence. Left to themselves, and at last, thoroughly convinced of the necessity of making an effort from within the race to arrest the demoralization among them, we are persuaded to believe the time has come when they will listen to reason and be prepared to follow men capable of leading.

Impressed with this belief by the numerous appeals made to us to continue the publication of the Louisianian, we address ourselves anew to the great work of trying to do something to elevate the race, and invoke, and solicit, the support of the people.

The New Orleans correspondents of Northern Republican papers are making serious charges against Marshal Wharton—charges which, if true, ought to secure his immediate removal from office. The *Inter-Ocean* correspondent alleges that only one Republican—the editor of the Louisianian—recommended the Colonel's appointment. In this he is greatly mistaken. Col. Wharton had the endorsement of Mr. Packard, ex-Gov. Warmoth, and nearly every leading Republican in the State.

## Henry Adams Corbin.

It is customary with civilized people when the death of a prominent man among them takes place, to pay a fitting tribute of respect to his memory; but it often happens that men deserving the highest honor and praise, whose lives have been circumscribed within the narrow limit of private affairs, have fallen unnoticed and passed into their graves with their worth unknown, save to their immediate circle of friends and acquaintances.

On Thursday, September 5, 1878, a gentleman of the latter class, a victim of yellow fever, quietly and smilingly closed his earthly career. It is true that he had held several offices of honor and trust, but his unassuming disposition and native modesty prevented him from obtaining the public prominence to which he was justly entitled; but it is a source of gratification to us, as it must be to his bereaved family to know, although he obtained no great public prominence, no man in this great city had a larger circle of admiring friends or commanded higher respect than Henry Adams Corbin.

He came to this city at our solicitation in November, 1870, and engaged as clerk in the employ of Pinchback and Antoine. In 1873, he received an appointment as assessor in the customs service, which position he held until elected secretary of the board of city school directors. Upon the change of the State administration, he was appointed State tax collector of the sixth district, city of New Orleans. His urbanity, sobriety and attention to duty in each and every one of these positions, made him a host of friends and paved the way for a bright future had he lived.

Associated with us in the closest personal and business relations, making our house his home ever since he came to be city—over seven years—manager, and in full charge of the Louisianian at the time of his untimely death, it is not strange that we feel deeply his loss and mingle our tears with those who mourn his sudden demise.

Adored by his family, who he generously assisted all through his life; loved by his friends upon whom he never turned his back; and admired and respected by his large circle of acquaintances, his death has created a void which can never be filled.

"Around us each discovered chain  
In sparkling ruin lies,  
And earthly hands can never again  
Unite the broken ties."

It is reported from Washington that President Hayes will, in his forthcoming message, call the attention of Congress and the country to the lawlessness which obtained in the South during the late canvass and elections. We sincerely trust the report is true, not that we expect Congress to do anything in the premises, but for the good effect it is sure to have on public opinion at the North in regard to the actual condition of the colored voters in the South.

That the North is getting tired of "Southern gush" and awakened to the real condition of things in this section of the country, may be inferred by the following from the New York Tribune of a recent date:

"With respect to each and all of them (the Southern States) the question will now be asked for two years, and will become a very important question in the next presidential election, whether sixteen mob despots have any business to control the government of the United States."

Subscribe for and advertise in the Louisianian.

## John H. Corbin.

Close upon the death of Henry, John H. Corbin, also fell a victim to the yellow fever. He died on Thursday, September 19, 1878, two weeks later than his brother. Alas! poor John. Almost broken-hearted over the death of Henry, who was brother, father and friend to him, how could he endure the torture of the dreadful fever? John had not been with us as long as Henry, but he had made a host of friends who sincerely mourn his loss.

Shortly after he arrived here, he obtained employment as teacher in the public schools, and at the time of his death was principal of one of the McDonough schools in Algiers. The high estimate in which he was held by all who knew him, was attested by the large number of people who attended his funeral and evinced in their sorrowful faces how deeply they felt the loss they had sustained.

Hon. Wm. G. Brown, in a letter of condolence to their cousin Chas. T. Graham, Esq., of Cincinnati, truly says of the two brothers: "With different dispositions, different habits, in different walks, and of divergent pursuits, demonstrated in the end, how fidelity, straightforwardness and integrity will inevitably command esteem."

## PERSONAL.

Senator Kellogg has our thanks for appreciated favors.

Several colored members elect of the General Assembly, were in the city during the week.

Gen. McMullen, pension officer, is again at his post, after a lengthy sojourn at the North.

Hon. Pierre Landry, one of the few old members of the Legislature returned, is in the city.

Major Weeks, special agent of the treasury department, returned to the city last Monday.

Senator Enstis has gone to Washington to be in attendance at the opening of Congress.

Major J. H. New, attorney-at-law, after an extended visit to Europe, has returned to the city.

Hon. John Ray, assistant U. S. District Attorney has arrived and will soon be heard from if reports be true.

Mr. Jos. H. Oglesby, president of the Louisiana National Bank, and also of the Clearing House Association, one of the ablest financiers and business men in the country, is again at home.

Col. Wm. Murrell, representative elect from Madison parish, on his way to Washington, stopped over a few days to celebrate his late victory. The Colonel is as happy as a big sun flower.

The Indianapolis Sentinel has introduced a new feature in journalism, of its class. It has a colored local reporter, who furnishes it with all the interesting news concerning the colored people of that city.

Hon. George E. Hamlet, is in the city on business connected with the death of his brother-in-law. His many friends here were glad to welcome him back into their midst once more. All hail to the prince of good fellows.

Hon. J. Ross Stewart, who has suffered severely, not from the yellow fever, but a foe quite as relentless—the Tennessee white line—is among the late arrivals. He had an extended interview with Governor Nicholls, relative to affairs in Tennessee, which he says was very satisfactory.

Dr. R. I. CROWLEY, President of the Negro Union Co-Operative Aid Association, has issued a call to the Freedmen of North Louisiana to meet in convention at Shreveport Thursday, December 5, 1878, for the purpose, we suppose, of advancing the interest of his association. Delinquent are requested to come prepared to pay two dollars toward defraying the expenses of the convention.

## POLITICAL PARTIES NEXT CAMPAIGN.

The smoke of the last political battle having passed away, it requires but little perception to see the relative strength of the two great parties. The Republicans have almost succeeded in making the North "solid." It is safe to assume that in the next struggle the two sections will be "solid" for opposing candidates. Fortunately for the Republican party, the Democracy will control national legislation the next two years. This places them on the defensive, and will enable them to successfully appeal to and fire the Northern heart in the event of the introduction of bills for the payment of so-called "Southern claims," by some overzealous Southern Congressman, who is anxious for a national reputation, but is more desirous of praise and glorification in his own section.

Unfortunately for the Democrats their platforms were made of greenbacks and silver in the last campaign, and thus they will have arrayed against them the moneyed power of this country, and those who hold American bonds abroad. This influence is powerful. It furishes the sieves of war; and it is no longer a matter of doubt that the Republican party will be able to command it in the next national struggle. Resumption of specie payments will commence on the 1st of January, 1879, under a Republican administration. The bank presidents and members of the Clearing Houses in all the principal cities, irrespective of party, have agreed to support Secretary Sherman's plan of resumption. It may be that the Democracy will be able to make a fight on a hard money platform, but it will not command sufficient support to give them strength, as they have already alienated the sympathy and moneyed support of the bankers by shilly-shallying platforms this year.

This condition of affairs is unfortunate for the South. It must eventually work seriously to her disadvantage. The people of the North are not yet ready to trust the control of the government to those who sought so lately to destroy it. There is not enough of political toleration there to commend the gushing sympathy of a Southern cause to the frigid sense of a Northern head and heart.

If the races were not arrayed one against another, in political, if not personal hostility, then Northern sympathizers with the South might be more numerous on election days. If there was a more earnest, manly expression in Democratic platforms on financial matters, success would be assured. The government has plighted its faith to pay its indebtedness "in coin." Northern and Eastern Democrats know that any other payment would disgrace us, and bankrupt our reputation and credit in the money markets of the world. The defeat of General Butler in Massachusetts by the Democrats, is perhaps the best evidence that can be produced, while the carrying of New York, Connecticut, and Ohio, heretofore Democratic, on hard money platforms, is also an indication of the force of our argument.

The Republicans then, from present indications, seem to have the advantage ground. It is possible that this condition may be reversed, but the signs of the times now certainly indicate their success in a campaign that will be sectional—not national. The strength of the Democrats in the South is their national weakness.

## GREAT JACKSON ROUTE.

To all of our people who may have occasion to visit the North or any point reached by the old reliable Great Jackson Route, we cheerfully commend that route, not only for the excellency of its track, now nearly all steel rail, but because of the courtesy of its attaches and eating-house keepers all along the line—which is in marked contrast with those of any other route outside of this city. The colored people who suffer great inconvenience in railroad travel, in the latter respect, will do well to make a note of this, and travel by the Jackson Route—New Orleans, St. Louis and Chicago railroad lines.

## MRS. SENATOR BRUCE.

The newspaper fraternity seem to be terribly exercised over the advent of Mrs. Senator Bruce into Washington society and are indulging in all sorts of speculations as to the treatment she will receive.

The New Orleans Democrat, commenting upon this, to color, which is a most important subject, facetiously remarks:

"It is said that Mrs. Bruce will be invited to attend Mrs. Hayes at the first presidential reception. The probability is that Mrs. Hayes will find herself pretty effectually 'set down on' if this is attempted. There would be a stalwart absence from presidential receptions even more remarkable than that which followed the announcement of the Southern policy. Pinchback can tell how the possibility of a saffron infusion affects stalwart society in Washington."

Unfortunately for the Democrat and people of its kindred, the "set down on" business in such matters is not quite as popular in Washington as it is in this half civilized community. Mrs. Hayes can well afford to dispense with the presence of the narrow-minded people who would be so foolish as to absent themselves from her receptions on account of Mrs. Bruce's attendance.

It is true that "Washington society" is contaminated by the presence of a large sprinkling of semi-barbarians, half educated rude creatures, who are tolerated in deference to their official positions; and this class, may at first, "put on airs," but if the decent people carry out their announced programme, the hybrid element will be soon found trying to force themselves into Mrs. Bruce's company, where we are sure they are not desired.

Mrs. Bruce, in culture and refinement and all that goes to make up the true lady, is the peer of any woman in "Washington society," and therefore entitled to all the courtesies and amenities obtaining among well-bred people. That all will extend to her a cordial welcome in her new home, we have no doubt. The subjoined extract from a Washington letter to the *Inter-Ocean*, published in Tuesday's Democrat, is what raised the editor's ire:

Senator Bruce, who has been traveling in Europe with his bride since his marriage in June, is expected to arrive here soon, and has engaged a handsome residence on Capitol Hill for the remainder of his senatorial term, which expires on the 4th of March, 1881. There is some social agitation here in regard to the manner in which Mrs. Bruce will be received by the swells of Washington. She is a lady of fine personal appearance, an octoiron, and is perhaps better educated than most of the women who intend to snub her, if she presumes to enter society. She was a school teacher in Cleveland, but her husband has sufficient wealth to gratify any taste she may have in the way of personal adornment, and it is whispered that a wardrobe purchased by her in Europe would be prized by any of our belles. It is a requirement of official etiquette here that all the Cabinet ladies and the wives of the Congressmen shall make the first call on a Senator's wife, and the wives of the older Senators always make the approach to an acquaintance with the wives of new Senators. Mrs. Bruce will experience no embarrassment from the treatment she will receive from Mrs. Evans, Mrs. Sherman and the other Cabinet ladies, and Mrs. Hayes, whose gentility is beyond a question, intends to make Mrs. Bruce at home at once by her cordial greeting. It is said that Mrs. Bruce will be invited to attend Mrs. Hayes at the first presidential reception. The only colored Senator's wife who ever attempted an entrance to Washington society was Mrs. Pinchback, six years ago, and being both beautiful and accomplished she was not only treated with civility, but was made quite a lioness. It may be that Mrs. Bruce will receive similar treatment.

The sales of cotton yesterday were confined to 8550 bales at prices requiring a pretty general reduction of ½c in our quotations. We give also the figures and report of the Exchange, as below:

General quotation.	Ex. quot.
Inferior.....	6 1/2 @ 7
Low Ordinary.....	7 1/2 @ 7 1/2
Ordinary.....	7 1/2 @ 7 1/2
Strict Ordinary.....	7 1/2 @ 7 1/2
Good Ordinary.....	8 @ 8 1/2
Strict Good Ordinary.....	8 1/2 @ 8 1/2
Low Middling.....	8 1/2 @ 8 1/2
Strict Low Middling.....	8 1/2 @ 8 1/2
Middling.....	8 1/2 @ 8 1/2
Good Middling.....	9 @ 9 1/2
Middling Fair.....	10 1/2 @ 10 1/2

## C. E. GIRARDEY,

Auctioneer and Appraiser,  
31 CAMP STREET,  
NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS INSURANCE CO.

Cor. Camp and Canal streets.

Paid Capital - - - \$500,000.00  
Assets at their market value - - - 619,895.46

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## CARRIAGES furnished at the shortest notice. All orders promptly attended to.

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133.....COMMON STREET.....13

Near St. Charles Street,

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Near Common Street, New Orleans.

## FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT

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## E. OFFNER,

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Is now Located at his Old Stand,

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(Opposite Varieties Theatre.)

Where he sells CHINA CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, PLATED WARE, CUTLERY and HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS, cheaper than ever. feb10

## The Firemen's Insurance Company of New Orleans.

FIRE, RIVER AND MARINE INSURANCE.

I. N. MARKS, President.

T. PEUDHOMME, Vice President.

R. H. BENNERS, Secretary.

JAS. BOYCE, Inspector.

W. E. RODDY,

Office, Cor. Camp and Gravier Sts

Represents the Fire Association of Philadelphia. feb10

## WHY NOT TRY

## THE PEOPLE'S ADVOCATE,

(Published every Saturday)

WASHINGTON, D. C.



## The Louisianian.

SATURDAY, NOV. 30, 1878.

Chew Jackson's Best Sweet Navy Tobacco.

THANKSGIVING day was generally observed in this city.

See advertisement of C. E. Girardey to be found in this issue.

For the latest news of the day, go to Ellis, opposite the post-office.

It is announced that Straights' University will open on the 2d of December.

The quarantine between this city and Galveston, Texas, has been raised.

Subscribers for and advertise in the LOUISIANIAN, if you wish to live long and prosper.

Don't forget Haley, the reliable old news stand, corner Camp and Commercial Alley.

JUDON W. B. Egan, Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the State, died at Shreveport yesterday.

The colored screenmen's Benevolent Association paraded last Monday and presented a creditable appearance.

Staub, corner Canal and Exchange Alley, receives a fresh supply to-day, and the reading public will do well to give him a call.

MAYOR PATTON proposes to have applicants for positions on the police force undergo physical examination before appointment in the future. Not a bad idea.

The new city government have been installed, notwithstanding the protest of the Conservative Citizens' Association, and yet the people are not happy.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE for December is replete with choice reading, and beautifully illustrated. It is worth double the price asked for it. No family should fail to get it.

The Commercial convention, which is to assemble in this city next week, will be largely attended. Its deliberations are of the first importance to our city.

The magnificent painting representing the battle of New Orleans, which was presented to the State of Louisiana by Mr. Corcoran, of Washington, arrived last Tuesday.

ADMINISTRATOR HUSTON is after the contractors, and it is hoped that the streets of the city will soon present a cleaner appearance than they have for some time past.

EX-MARSHAL TITKIN denies that he is the author of the New Orleans correspondence to the New York Times and Chicago Inter-Ocean. The Pioneer says he is another.

THERE is scarcely any doubt about the removal of several of the present incumbents of Federal offices being seriously contemplated at Washington. A change in several of them could be made for the better.

ESPECIAL attention is called to the advertisement of McClure, to be found in another column. Their long experience in the art of photography assures us of their ability to make a first-class picture, and we cheerfully commend them to all who may wish anything in their line.

WE are pleased to inform our readers that we will be able to furnish them with a complete report of the ceremonies, street parade, etc., of the Odd Fellows celebration in Chicago, having procured the services of able and reliable correspondents.

THE special attention of merchants and business men generally, and all who desire advertisement, is called to our reduced prices for advertisements to be found in another column. Appreciating the stringency of the times we have reduced our rates to such a low figure that all can afford to advertise through our columns.

NEWMAN, the colored clerk of the court of St. Mary parish, made a manly defense of himself in the assault made upon him recently to obtain the tally sheets of the election in that parish. If the colored men throughout the State would follow his example there would be less bull-doing in the future. The colored man must learn to defend himself when attacked or go to the wall.

On last evening M. U. P.'s Geo. C. Mason, E. J. Holmes and Wm. Moody, P. G. M. Wm. A. Halston, and P. N. F.'s George Gracien, D. M. A. Hance and John Collins, delegates from the various lodges G. U. O. O. F. in our city, left by the Jackson route, bound for Chicago to participate in the coming session of the Annual Movable Committee. Those who know personally the gentlemen who compose this delegation are confident of their ability to impartially represent the wishes of all true Odd Fellows in this section. We wish them a happy journey and commend them to the hospitality of our Western friends.

## "UTTERLY FALSE."

Some malicious person, or persons, put in circulation during the past summer, a report to the effect that Senator Bruce had abandoned Mississippi and intends to make his residence at or near Cleveland, O., after the expiration of his senatorial term. The senator, in a letter to the editor of the LOUISIANIAN from Geneva, Switzerland, says: "The report is utterly false. I own considerable property—real estate—in Mississippi; am a tax-payer, and shall remain within her borders and share the fate of my people."

Gov. Nichols has gone on a tour of inspection through the parishes, in which it is said, violence, intimidation and murder were resorted to in the late canvass and election, to prevent colored people from voting the Republican ticket, and to force them to vote the Democratic ticket.

We trust the governor will make his investigation impartial and thorough. If he does, we feel sure some of the persons claiming to have been elected to the Legislature and parochial offices, in at least one of those parishes, will be made to serve the State in the penitentiary, instead of the places they have attempted to steal.

The New City Council met last Tuesday. The following appointments, made in the different departments, were confirmed:

In the Mayor's office: Charles McManis, secretary; E. L. Bower, retained as chief clerk.

CITY HALL BUILDING  
Mrs. Culbertson retained as Librarian.  
Mrs. Ball, retained as Keeper of Archives.

DEPARTMENT OF WATER WORKS.  
L. A. Fournier, Superintendent of Public Buildings.  
John C. Poiry, Superintendent City Insane Asylum.

Mrs. Gms Meyers, reappointed Matron of Home-Aged and Infirmary.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE  
A. P. Harrison, retained as chief clerk.

Charles Peencken, retained as book-keeper.  
Eugene H. Canfield, general clerk.  
J. P. Ekinious, tax clerk.

COL. JACK WHARTON having been accused with feigning sickness to avoid performing his duty at the recent election, publishes the following certificate in refutation of the charge:

NEW ORLEANS, LA., Nov. 25, 1878.  
To whom it may concern:

It is hereby certified that I called to see Col. Jack Wharton on the evening of November 2, 1878, and after a careful examination found him suffering from a pronounced attack of yellow fever. So sick did I find my patient that I forbade the attendants to allow any person to visit him unless they could produce a written permit with my signature, knowing that it would jeopardize his life.

JOSEPH T. SCOTT, M. D.

"It never rains but it pours." In addition to the many troubles which have crept into our section within the past two or three months, and just upon the eve of going to press with the last issue of this issue, our well-meaning foreman steps in, "raises" the "devil" for a negligence of duties he should have performed, and causes him, in the midst of this frightful agony, to melt our roller thus keeping from the eyes of our readers that which we would have been delighted to furnish Saturday—the LOUISIANIAN.

SHALL we have Mardi Gras? It does not admit of discussion. The Pioneer truly says:

"Mardi Gras is to New Orleans what fair is to St. Louis, or her exposition to Cincinnati. We do not excel in our management of fairs, but Mardi Gras is peculiarly ours; it attracts visitors from every part of the Union, all of whom, instead of condemning its observance, return to their homes delighted with their reception, delighted with the sights they have seen, and fully determined to come again at Mardi Gras time."

STATE CENTRAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY OF LOUISIANA.

P. B. S. PINSBACK, President.  
H. C. WARMOTH, Vice-President.  
Wm. VIGORS, Recording Secretary.  
Geo. T. RUBY, Cor. Secretary.  
EFFINGHAM LAWRENCE, Treasurer.

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L. W. Baker  
James W. Quinn  
Hy Dumas  
J. Ross Stewart  
H. G. Dibble  
C. B. Darvall  
Milton Jones

All communications to the committee must be addressed to P. B. S. PINSBACK, President State Central Executive Committee, New Orleans, Louisiana.

## EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Short articles on educational topics solicited.

ON THE PLAY-GROUND.—Probably no part of school management constitutes a more difficult problem than as to what shall be the exercises on the play-ground. The teacher who wholly neglects these exercises is doing less than duty demands. He who cares little for what they are, is quite incompetent as a teacher. A school should be a place of culture; indeed, a good school is a place of culture. —Inter-State Nor. Monthly.

CRAMMING.—One of the most common errors in our modern system of education, is the substitution of cramming for instruction. Even in our primary and grammar schools, studies are multiplied and subjects forced upon the children which they can neither comprehend nor digest. The standard of excellence is too often measured by rote a lot of rules or lessons which are as unmeaning to him as the gobbling of a goose. His knowledge and understanding of the subject is of little account. Text-books, as they are written and used, add much to the difficulty. —Hiram Orent.

A LANGUAGE LESSON.—In primary instruction in language we should recognize three principles governing all correct teaching: 1 From the known to the unknown; 2 From the simple to the complex; 3 From the concrete to the abstract. Activity is a law of mind. If we want to teach a boy to speak the language correctly, he must be made to do so. Make the children speak English. There is power in dialect, because it is natural. Teach the child habits of speech. Let correct speaking become his habit. There are few mistakes to be made with nouns. Dwell upon the use of nouns in the singular and plural numbers. Drill on the formation of sentences in the singular and plural. Have pupils form sentences with irregular plurals. Teach children to talk, because they must, before being able to reason upon construction. —Supt. W. B. Powell.

FAULT-FINDING IN THE TEACHER.—There is no influence emanating from a teacher, during recitation, which so completely paralyzes the mind of the pupil as the practice of scolding or careless fault-finding, once so prevalent, but now rapidly disappearing, from the public schools. The temptations to petulance and snappishness on the part of teachers are manifold, and at times almost irresistible. Lack of faithful preparation, of quickness of perception, of moderate reasoning power, of interest, of enthusiasm, of uninterrupted attention, of just appreciation of the object and advantages of recitation, are causes of irritation to be found in almost all classes. Those who possess but little love of the work of education, who regard neither the present happiness of children nor the future welfare of individuals and States, who, in short, work in the educational vineyard exclusively for dollars and cents, or because more congenial fields of labor are not immediately accessible to them, are peculiarly liable to infuse this kind of narcotic influence into all the intellectual exercises of the school. —Mary Allen West.

J. L. MCCLURE. J. S. MCCLURE.

McCLURE.

(SUCCESSOR TO ALBERT WANGENHEIM)

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PHOTOGRAPHER,

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## EXTRAORDINARY DRAWING.

100,000 TICKETS AT \$2 EACH.

200,000.

LOUISIANA STATE

Single Number Lottery.

CAPITAL PRIZE

\$100,000.

CLASS I.

TO BE DRAWN AT NEW ORLEANS ON

Tuesday, Dec. 10, 1878.

NO SCALING.

NO POSTPONEMENT.

LOOK AT THE SCHEME

LIST OF PRIZES.

1 Prize of \$100,000 is \$100,000

1 Prize of \$50,000 is 50,000

1 20,000 is 20,000

2 10,000 are 10,000

4 5,000 are 20,000

20 1,000 are 20,000

50 500 are 25,000

100 300 are 30,000

200 200 are 40,000

600 100 are 60,000

10,000 10 are 100,000

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

APPROXIMATIONS OF \$200 each 2,000

APPROXIMATIONS OF \$100 each 10,000

APPROXIMATIONS OF \$50 each 7,000

11,270 Prizes, All amounting to

\$522,500.

The Drawing will positively commence

at 10 o'clock A. M.

AT THE OFFICE OF THE COMPANY

On the morning of

Tuesday, Dec. 10, 1878.

—AT—

NEW ORLEANS, LA.

Whole Tickets, \$10.

For sale at all the New Orleans Agencies and at the Central Office of the LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY COMPANY.

Address Lock Box 692, New Orleans Post Office.

Remit by Post Office Money Order, Registered Letter, Draft, or by Express.

Observe and recollect that in the Two Dollar Drawing of Dec. 10, 1878,

ALL THE PRIZES

PAID ON PRESENTATION.

Agents wanted in Every State, County, City and Town Throughout the Union.

Unexceptionable Guarantee required, and must, in every instance, accompany application to be made to

M. A. DAUPHIN, President,

NEW ORLEANS, LA.

ALL LETTERS UNANSWERED MEAN A NEGATIVE REPLY.

BOARDING HOUSE

No. 27 Villere St.

(Cor. Customhouse St.)

J. H. PERKINS, Prop'r.

## GREAT JACKSON ROUTE—NEW ORLEANS, ST. LOUIS AND CHICAGO RAILROAD LINES.

DOUBLE DAILY THROUGH TRAINS.

On and after Nov. 13, 1877, Trains will depart and arrive as follows, from Calcasieu street depot:

DEPART.  
Express No. 1..... 6:00 p. m.  
Mixed No. 3..... 7:00 p. m.

ARRIVE.  
Express No. 2..... 10:30 a. m.  
Mixed No. 1..... 8:00 p. m.

No. 1 and 2 run daily, 3 and 4 daily, except Sunday.

Pullman Palace Sleepers, through with out change to Cincinnati, Louisville, Chicago, and St. Louis. A Sleeper is attached at Milan, Tenn., enabling passengers to go through without leaving the train. Only one change to New York and Eastern cities.

Friday evening's train makes no connection for Chicago.

Accommodation trains between New Orleans and McComb City:

Leave New Orleans at 3:45 p. m. Saturday, and 7 a. m. Sunday.

Arrive at New Orleans at 9:30 a. m. Sunday, and 10 p. m. Monday.

This is the only line running double daily through trains to and from all points North and East.

Tickets for sale and information given at 23 Camp street, corner Common.

A. D. SHELTON Agent.

F. CHANDLER, General Manager.

MADAME POMPADOUR'S GARTER

is the name of a new, thrilling and historical romance of the reign of Louis the Fifteenth, by Gabriel De St. Andre, now in press and to be published in a few days by T. B. Peterson & Brothers, Philadelphia.

It is a romance of the days of love, intrigue and dissipation, and will doubt prove to be one of the most popular and successful novels that have appeared in print for years, for its pages will be crowded and perused by all that are fond of a thoroughly good novel, for its great and absorbing interest. It will be issued in uniform style and price with "Theo," "Kathleen," "Gabrielle," and "Miss Crespigny," published by the same firm.

TO LANDLORDS AND HOUSE-KEEPERS!

THE REMOVAL OF THE CONTENTS OF WATER-CLOSETS, SINKS, &c., in an inexpensive manner, without detriment to public health, is a subject which has attracted the attention of the authorities of all large cities for ages.

Physicians united in declaring that a large proportion of deaths resulting from cholera, cholera-infantum, dysentery, scarlet fever, and other epidemic diseases were attributable to the terribly offensive gases which arose from human excrement upon its removal from the original deposit with buckets, agitating and exposing the contents to the atmosphere during the process of the work, and infecting the air while being transported through the streets to the nuisance wharf. All agreed as to its baneful effects, and sought in vain for a proper remedy.

The enterprise and ingenuity of a firm of Baltimore mechanics has at last overcome this seemingly insurmountable barrier, and given us an invention, which, in the opinion of the sanitary officers of some twenty-five of the largest cities of the Union, is as near perfection for the purpose intended as it is possible to approach.

This invention is emphatically what it is claimed to be—AN ODDLESS EXHAUSTING APPARATUS—devoid of all the disgusting features of the cart-and-bucket system. Its advantages are manifold, and it commands itself to the attention of landlords and tenants for the following reasons:

1. Sinks of private residences can be emptied in a space of time varying from ten to fifteen minutes.

2. It can be done by DAY OR NIGHT, thus the necessity of allowing open receptacles at night, and exposing them to depredations, and causing the inmates to be awakened by the abominable smell and noise caused by the prevailing system of cleaning, is avoided.

3. The apparatus used is of such a character as not to attract attention, nor would the passer-by unless informed, have any idea as to what was being done.

4. THERE IS NO ODOR WHATSOEVER.—The sickening effluvia which arises under the old system is entirely obviated, and the gases consumed by a deodorizer.

The fact that his sanitary officers and boards of health of this, and nearly all other large cities, recommended its use, declaring it to be cleanly, odorless, economical, practicable, and a preventive of disease, is a sufficient guarantee that the invention possesses all the qualities claimed and shows it to be worthy of adoption from sanitary motives alone.

This apparatus is used in this city by the New Orleans Sanitary Exhausting Company, who are now ready to go into practical operation.

All orders left at the office of the Company, 153 Common street, or sent to Box 913 Post-office, will receive prompt attention, and at low prices.

For sale at all the New Orleans Agencies and at the Central Office of the LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY COMPANY.

Address Lock Box 692, New Orleans Post Office.

Remit by Post Office Money Order, Registered Letter, Draft, or by Express.

Observe and recollect that in the Two Dollar Drawing of Dec. 10, 1878,

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Agents wanted in Every State, County, City and Town Throughout the Union.

Unexceptionable Guarantee required, and must, in every instance, accompany application to be made to

M. A. DAUPHIN, President,

NEW ORLEANS, LA.

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## THE INTER-OCEAN.

THREE EDITIONS

Weekly, Semi-Weekly, and Daily.

Established less than three years ago as a Representative Republican Paper, pledged to maintain and defend the principles and organization of the National Republican party, the INTER-OCEAN was early pushed to the forefront of journalism and achieved a success unprecedented in the history of such enterprises. By universal assent it has been assigned position as

The Leading Republican Paper

IN THE NORTHWEST.

Not alone on its political character does the INTER-OCEAN rest its claims to popular favor. It aims at the highest excellence in all departments, and in this one of progressive journalism aspires to position among the best.

The INTER-OCEAN makes special claim as

A Family Newspaper.

Its columns are carefully guarded against objectionable matter, and every effort is made to render it a pleasant and profitable companion at the home or side.

The Commercial Department.

Is conducted with great care, and everything possible is done to make the Market Reports such as the Farmers and Business Men of the Northwest can rely upon.

THE AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT

Is carefully edited by gentlemen of ability and experience.

IN LITERATURE, LOCAL AND GENERAL NEWS, FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC CORRESPONDENCE

An everything that goes to make

A First-Class Newspaper?

It is not excelled by any publication in the country.

The INTER-OCEAN is a

NATIONAL NEWSPAPER.

One that will be found interesting and useful to Americans in every part of the globe. While it especially represents the Great Northwest it is National in its interests and comprehensive in its news-gathering. Its dispassionate faith is not biassed and in all discussions aims to be candid, dignified, and above personal abuse.

The INTER-OCEAN has the largest aggregate of direct firm of any newspaper published in the Northwest. It is sent to more than 6,000 Post-offices, distributed in every State and Territory in the United States, in all the numerous Foreign States and countries.

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By mail (payable in advance), per year \$12.00

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## PLANTERS, ATTENTION.

### Riard's Employers' and Servants'

INTELLIGENCE BUREAU AND CLAIM AGENCY,

114.....CARONDELET STREET.....114  
NEW ORLEANS.

The undersigned, having had many years experience in one of the largest Northern Cities, in the selection of servants for employers, and in obtaining situations for the unemployed, and believing in the advantage to the public of a permanent bureau, where those needing help can call at any time and secure such as may be required, and those out of employment can obtain good situations, inform the public that they have established a bureau as above, where, at the shortest notice,

PRIVATE FAMILIES,  
BOARDING HOUSES,  
HOTELS, RESTAURANTS,  
STEAMBOATS, STORES,  
PLANTATIONS, Etc., Etc.,

can be supplied with first-class cooks, waiters, nurses, stewards, (male and female) matrons, housekeepers, seamstresses, traveling servants, ladies' maids, valets, servants of all work, men or women to work by the day or month. Also, book-keepers, clerks, salesmen, overseers for plantations, bar-tenders, coachmen, waiters, grocers, hostlers, office-cleaners. Boys for any occupation, and likewise laborers for plantations, white and colored.

English, French, American, German and Spanish employers wishing first-class help, and those desiring good situations in the city or country, will find it to their advantage

TO CALL AT ONCE, OR COMMUNICATE AND HAVE THEIR NAMES REGISTERED.

Special attention given to private families, and ladies will find it to their advantage to call in person, and make known their requirements.

Neatly Furnished Sitting Rooms for those Desiring Situations.

Planters wishing first-class laborers from the North, or any of the Southern States (white or colored), can have their orders filled on short notice, by calling in person or addressing this bureau, as we have agents in each of the Southern States as well as in Northern cities, expressly for the purpose of engaging hands.

Agents wanted in the country parishes and in the States of Alabama, Georgia, Mississippi and Texas, to whom a liberal compensation will be paid, for the purpose of engaging and forwarding labor. For particulars, enclose postage stamp.

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Claims of all kinds against the States, or the United States, for bounty, pensions, prize money, etc., etc., collected promptly.

Land warrants of the Revolutionary, Black Hawk, Florida, Mexican Wars, and War of 1812 bought and sold.

Compensation obtained for all losses of stock, produce, or otherwise, sustained by acts of the Federal Army during the war. No charges unless successful.  
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M. L. BYRNE & CO., SUN MUTUAL INSURANCE CO.

THE GREAT

RETAIL

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Offers Extraordinary Bargains to

READY MONEY PURCHASERS.

All Goods Marked in

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All Goods Exchanged or Money Refunded.

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Importers of and dealers in

CARPETINGS, FLOOR OIL CLOTHS, CHINA AND COCOA MATTING, TABLE AND FINE COVERS, WINDOW BLINDS, CRUMBS CLOTHS, RUGS, MATS, CARRIAGE TABLE & ENAMEL OIL CLOTHS.

CURTAIN MATERIALS.

Lace, Ropes, Damasks, Cornices, Bands, Pins, Gimps, Loops and Tassels, Hair Cloth, Plush, Bed Ticking and Springs. One Price Only.

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FINE WINES AND LIQUORS

Butter, Tea and Coffee a Specialty,

242 &amp; 244 St. Andrew St.,

Cor. New Camp, one block back of Market NEW ORLEANS.

Orders received for wood and coal

LOUIS BUSH, JOHN LEVERT, BRUNEN G. BUSH,

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BUSH &amp; LEVERT,

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FACTORS,

No. 31 Perdido Street,

Lock Box 2047 NEW ORLEANS.

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THE PEOPLE'S ADVOCATE,

(Published every Saturday)

WASHINGTON, D. C.

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## ALAIS ROYAL

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137 - - CANAL STREET - - 137  
NEW ORLEANS,

Has now a catalogue ready, describing everything kept in that mammoth establishment with the selling price to it. You can get a catalogue mailed to you free of postage by sending your address on a one cent postal card, to

E. LEVY,

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NEW ORLEANS.

This Season's Specialties, which I am selling cheaper than any other house in the South,

Hamburg Embroideries,

which begin from 3c to \$1.50 a yard, fully 35 per cent cheaper than any other house in the city of New Orleans.

### FANS, FANS.

600 styles in Japanese Satin, Silk and Feathers.

PRICE LIST SILK PARASOLS.

14 inch \$ .90c	22 inch \$1.90
16 inch 1.15	24 inch 2.15
18 inch 1.40	26 inch 2.60
20 inch 1.60	28 inch 3.15

With fine fancy handle from 25c to \$1.50 extra.

Send your orders for

HUMAN HAIR BRAIDS,

In all colors from 50c up.

Send your orders for

2 CHEMISE,  
2 PAIR DRAWERS,  
2 SKIRTS,  
LONG NIGHT GOWN,

With bust measure

and \$5.00

THE CHEAPEST LADIES' OUTFIT IN UNDERCLOTHING IN NEW ORLEANS.

Money refunded if not satisfactory.

Send your order and measure for Window Shades, \$1.00 a pair.

LACE CURTAINS, \$2.00 a pair, up.

KNIVES & FORKS, \$1.00 a dozen, best steel.

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TEA SPOONS, Only 50 cents a set.

By all means get a Catalogue, and when in New Orleans don't fail to see the

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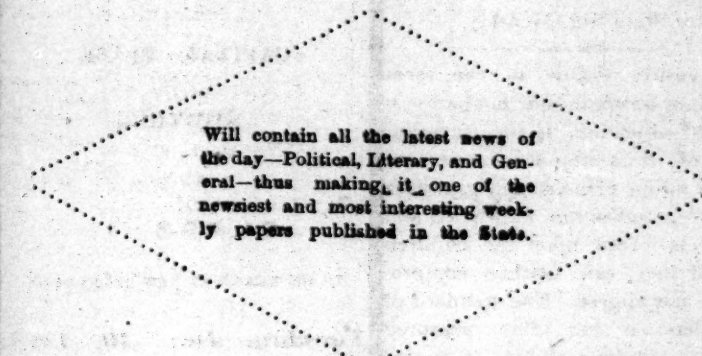
NEW ORLEANS.

No C. O. D. shipments made for less than \$5.00.

1878.

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L L L L L O O O O U U U I I I S S S I I I A A A N N N I I I A A A N N N  
L L L L L O O O O U U U I I I S S S I I I A A A N N N I I I A A A N N N



Will contain all the latest news of the day—Political, Literary, and General—thus making it one of the newest and most interesting weekly papers published in the State.

### ADVOCATING THE RIGHTS OF MEN,

And representing, especially, the colored citizen, the LOUISIANIAN will maintain, as a fundamental principle, the perfect equality of all citizens, without regard to race or color.

### OUR AIM

Shall be to foster kindly relations between the races, and to establish a more mutual respect for each other as the very first essential to the future peace and prosperity of our State and the South.

We enter upon our eighth year pledged to the advocacy of the

### POLICY

that has governed the LOUISIANIAN from the beginning. The necessity of a closer intercourse between the two classes—the colored and white people of our State—we rejoice to know, is fast becoming manifest; and, the recent emancipation of our people from the domination of political task-masters renders this desideratum possible.

### HARMONY AND MODERATION

among all classes and between all interests; kindness and forbearance fostered where dignity and resentment reigned, and a common service of ALL the people will elevate our loved State to an enviable and rightful position among her sisters in the development of her boundless resources and matchless advantages.

The LOUISIANIAN offers rare advantages to the merchant and business man. Our large and weekly increasing circulation within the State, and throughout the country, renders the service of our columns particularly desirable.

### EDUCATION.

A special feature of our paper will be its educational column, relating to matters affecting our common school system, the education of our youth, and the enlightenment of the masses.

### FINAL

With this statement of our purpose and laudable endeavor, we hope we shall receive, as we shall always strive to merit, commendation and support. Identified with every interest of our State, proud of its history and its advantages, we shall untiringly work in its behalf; counting no exertion too great or services too onerous to command and insure success.

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Yearly advertisements taken at reduced rates.	
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NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA.

1878.

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100,000 TICKETS AT \$2 EACH.

200,000.

LOUISIANA STATE

Single Number Lottery.

CAPITAL PRIZE

\$100,000.

CLASS 1.

TO BE DRAWN AT NEW ORLEANS ON

Tuesday, Dec. 10, 1878.

NO SCALING.

NO POSTPONEMENT.

LOOK AT THE SCHEME

LIST OF PRIZES.

1 Prize of \$100,000 is.....	\$100,000
1 Prize of \$50,000 is.....	50,000
1 .. 20,000 is.....	20,000
2 .. 10,000 are.....	10,000
4 .. 5,000 are.....	20,000
20 .. 1,000 are.....	20,000
50 .. 500 are.....	25,000
100 .. 300 are.....	30,000
200 .. 200 are.....	40,000
600 .. 100 are.....	60,000
10,000 .. 10 are.....	100,000

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

9 APPROXIMATIONS OF \$200 each	2 000
9 APPROXIMATIONS OF \$100 each	10 000
9 APPROXIMATIONS OF \$50 each	7 000

11,279 Prizes, All amounting to

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M. A. DAUPHIN, President,

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ALL LETTERS UNANSWERED MEAN

A NEGATIVE REPLY.

Feb 24

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J. H. PERKINS, Prop'r.

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JAS. BOYCE, Inspector.  
W. E. RODDY, ".

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For Family Instruction and Amusement.

EDITED BY MOSES A. DOW.

Office, Waverly Publishing House;  
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This paper is the largest weekly ever published in this country. Its contents are such as will be approved in the most fastidious circles, nothing immoral being admitted into its pages. It will furnish as much reading matter as almost any one can find time to peruse, consisting of

TALES, HISTORY, BIOGRAPHY,

together with

Music and Poetry,

The paper contains no ultra sentiments, and models with neither politics nor religion, but is characterized by a high moral tone. It circulates all over the country, from Maine to California.

Terms—Always in Advance.

One copy for 12 months.....	\$4 00
One copy for 6 months.....	3 00
One copy for 3 months.....	1 50

Postmasters and dealers may take subscriptions at the above, and deduct twenty-five per cent.

Subscribers in the Provinces, the same. A new volume commences every January and July; but if a person commences at any number in the volume and pays for six months, he will have a complete book, with a title-page.

When a subscriber orders a renewal of his subscription, he should tell us what was the last number he received; then we shall know what number to begin at without hunting over our books. Otherwise we shall begin when the money is received. Monthly parts; \$7 a year, in all cases. We will send one copy of the weekly

WAVERLY MAGAZINE

and either "Lady's Gazette of Fashion," "Atlantic Monthly," "Harper's Magazine," "Weekly," or "Bazar," or "Godey's Lady's Book," one year. All letters concerning the paper must be addressed to the publisher. We make no discount on clubs.

The Way to Subscribe.—The proper way to subscribe for a paper is to issue a money order in a letter, and address the publisher direct, giving individual name, with the post office, county, and State very plainly written on paper, and often illegible. We take no risk of the mails.

LOUIS CHARLES informs his friends that he will open his new and splendid Saloon and Restaurant at 136 Exchange Alley, on the 1st day of November; where he will entertain his friends both from town and country with the choicest viands and liquors. Call here first, before going elsewhere. Joe Diaz is in charge.

For Sale.

ONE HUNDRED AND SIXTY ACRES FINE TIMBER LAND in the Parish of St. Tammany, ten miles from Mandeville, on Bayou LaCrosse. Ten acres are cleared and partly under cultivation, and contain a good house and other conveniences. Will be sold low for cash. For further particulars address N. A. Corbin, 39 Burgundy street, New Orleans. feb 24

1837. POSTAGE FREE. 1878

THE BEST FAMILY PAPER.

Toledo Weekly Blade,  
Printed in Large, Clear Type,

—ON A NEW—

Mammoth Four-Cylinder Hoe Press

And is unquestionably the

LARGEST AND BEST WEEKLY IN THE UNITED

STATES. 12 A DAY at home. Agents wanted.

Outfit and terms free. TRUE &amp; CO., Augusta, Maine. ap 23 '76